1	CITY OF CORAL GABLES
2	CHARTER REVIEW COMMITTEE VERBATIM TRANSCRIPT
3	CORAL GABLES CITY HALL 405 BILTMORE WAY, COMMISSION CHAMBERS
4	CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 2015, COMMENCING AT 7:04 P.M.
5	
6	Board Members Present:
7	Raul Valdes-Fauli, Chairman ORIGINAL
8	Tom Korge Jimmy Morales
9	Parker Thompson Richard Dewitt, Via Phone
10	William Bonn, Via Phone
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14	City Staff and Consultants:
15	Craig E. Leen, City Attorney Miriam Ramos, Deputy City Attorney
16	Yaneris Figueroa, Assistant City Attorney
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THEREUPON:

(The following proceedings were held.)

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: This is the Charter Review meeting of September 8, 2015. It is $7\!:\!04$, and the meeting was scheduled for $7\!:\!00$.

Mr. City Attorney, I take these things very seriously, and I'm sure all of us do, but I would not like to have another meeting where all of us are not present.

I mean, the ones that are here make it a point to be here. I mean, there are a lot of other things that are probably more appealing than being here discussing the City Charter.

And I'm not going to say disrespectful, because nobody does it on purpose, but I would not like to have another meeting where everybody is not present.

All right?

MR. LEEN: Yes, Mr. Mayor.

Mr. Chair, we had a difficult time scheduling this particular meeting, because of the conflicting meetings. I think, going forward, Mr. Bonn is going to be back from his trip. So we should be able to find a date where everyone can attend.

1	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Good. I'm the one
2	who calls the meetings. I'm not going to call
3	any meeting until I'm sure that everybody is
4	present.
5	MR. LEEN: I understand.
6	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I mean, the people
7	or we are here representing the Commissioners,
8	the City Manager, and you, who appointed us,
9	and the least we can do is be here and
10	represent your view in this very important
11	commitment, and if we can't be here, you know,
12	we should either resign and have somebody
13	else participate.
14	Is that clear?
15	MR. LEEN: Yes.
16	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay. Thank you
17	very much.
18	MR. THOMPSON: Mr. Chair, we've spent a
19	long time in this room. Is it me or are the
20	acoustic horrible?
21	MR. MORALES: You have to use your
22	microphone.
23	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: It's both. It's
24	all of us, and the acoustics.
25	MR. THOMPSON: When you were speaking, the

1	sound was bouncing all over the place.
2	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yes, it is. Yes,
3	it does.
4	MR. KORGE: But the Chambers look nice.
5	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: They look nice,
6	especially with nobody in here except the
7	professor.
8	The first item of business is a recap of
9	the last approval of minutes, I'm sorry.
10	Any comments on the 100-page minutes? Any
11	comments?
12	MR. MORALES: Move the minutes.
13	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Any second?
14	MR. KORGE: I'll second.
15	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. Any
16	comments? They're approved.
17	Second is, recap of last meeting by City
18	Attorney.
19	MR. LEEN: Thank you, Mr. Chair. Before I
20	begin, I'd like to check, do we have everyone
21	on the phone?
22	Two minutes? They'll be on the phone in
23	two minutes?
24	Okay. Well, for the recap, I don't think
25	they need to be on the phone. So what happened

the last meeting, obviously, was that you went through approximately four sections of the Charter.

The primary discussion was Section 8. The Committee did decide not to take any action on anything at the meeting, but four items -- pardon me, five items were continued to this meeting, which are in the agenda, but just to briefly recap, what you wanted to come back and discuss again is first, the date of election, the further discussion as to whether or not the election date for the Mayor and Commissioners should be moved from April to November.

There's a report that's been provided to you related to that. I also have some additional information I'll provide when we get to the item.

There was the question of the runoff, further discussion as to whether or not to maintain the current system of election by plurality or to establish a runoff. There was also the automatic runoff procedure that Professor Froomkin discussed, and I sent you a copy of a report that he had done. So you have that report.

There's the provision regarding

Commissioner removal in Section 11. I have an interpretation, which I'm going to issue to you today, regarding Section 11, that limits it in a way that I think is enforceable. So I'm going to provide that to you and discuss it at that time, and then you can decide if you want to make any recommendations related to it.

There is the residency requirement and election fee. There was a discussion that there's a \$200 election fee that's been there for a while, whether that fee maybe should be made zero or whether it should be increased to reflect the cost. Both issues were raised.

There's also the residency requirement of one year, and whether that should be changed.

And, then, lastly, the mayoral term of two years or four years, and there's a report regarding that, as well.

And then we have New Business. We have four new provisions to discuss.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. So we'll get going, unless there's any comments?

MR. KORGE: A couple of comments. My notes show that we decided against any change in the

1	form of government from a City Manager form to
2	a Strong Mayor form.
3	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: That's correct.
4	MR. KORGE: We also rejected the idea of
5	district elections.
6	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Correct.
7	MR. KORGE: We rejected the idea of
8	changing the Mayor back to a four-year term.
9	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: We rejected it
10	based on the results of the election in 2003,
11	but we have results of that election, and I
12	would like to bring that up for discussion.
13	MR. KORGE: Yeah, that's great. I'm just
14	pointing out what we had done at that time.
15	And we'd also discussed and rejected
16	changing the residency requirement for a
17	Commission seat from one year to some
18	other residency term.
19	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: To some other term,
20	yes.
21	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: And we rejected,
22	also, imposing a higher residency requirement
23	for running for office.
24	MR. KORGE: Yeah, right. Okay. That's
25	what my notes show.

1 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULT: That's correct. MR. THOMPSON: What was the last -- after 3 the one year, you said we rejected? 4 MR. KORGE: Oh, the last one we rejected 5 was changing the residency requirement to qualify for Commissioner or Mayor. 6 7 MR. THOMPSON: Yeah, the one year. 8 MR. KORGE: It's now one year, and we had discussed whether it should be --9 10 MR. THOMPSON: No, I agree. I thought you 11 said -- I misunderstood. I thought you were 12 talking about --13 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: A Commissioner 14 asked me to bring up -- to discuss the imposition of a higher residency requirement, 15 16 a longer residency requirement, to run for 17 office than to be a qualified electorate and we 18 rejected that. 19 MR. THOMPSON: Thank you. 20 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: First item in this 21 agenda, Old Business, date of election, and we 2.2 put it off. I would like to speak on that and 23 have a discussion as to whether or not the 24 election date for Mayor or Commissioner should

be moved from April to November.

25

Having run several times, and those of us who have run, I imagine, may feel the same way. I would be very much opposed to changing the date of election for it to coincide with the presidential or any other election.

Participation in 2001, where I ran and lost, was 42 percent, and, then, in 2005, it was 16 percent, and in 2015 it was 25 percent.

Participation in presidential elections is 60 some percent, but the merit or the benefit of having an election in April is that electors focus on Coral Gables issues. I can imagine having an election and going door to door, which is, you know, together with signs in yards — but I imagine going door to door and saying, you know, "I'm running for Mayor of Coral Gables," and the first question that's going to be asked is, "Are you a Republican or a Democrat?"

And the next question is, "Do you support Romney or President Obama," or "Do you support McCain," or "Do you support Scott versus Crist" or, you know, one senator candidate versus another senator candidate or Congresspeople.

I think that there's a great deal of merit

in having the election focus on Coral Gables issues, and you do get participation almost up to 50 percent, in 2001, when there was a lot of interest in who was going to be Mayor.

2.2

I would hate to get the election involved in a presidential or partisan or gubernatorial, et cetera, issues, because that's what's going to happen if we make it coincide with a November election, and I think that's wrong.

There was a discussion today at the Commission Meeting, I hear, and the consensus was that we should not change it, because of these reasons, because although you get less participation, those who participate are focused on Coral Gables issues, versus participants focused on electing a Republican or a Democrat or a Third Party candidate.

Insofar as the cost, Craig, I don't understand the cost of the elections. In 2001, where 42 percent of the people voted, the cost was \$20,000. And, then, in 2005, it was \$74,000, which I don't understand. And in 2013, it was 142,000. And then in 2015, it was 118,000, and those numbers just don't make any sense for me.

1	Twenty-three percent participated in 2013,
2	twenty-five percent participated, and yet the
3	cost was 30,000 more in '15 than in '13. In
4	2001, where 42 percent participated, it was
5	20,000. And in 2005, where 15 percent of the
6	candidates participated, the cost was 74,000,
7	which is almost four times the cost of the
8 .	prior election, and I just don't understand how
9	that works or what we're being charged.
10	MR. LEEN: Well, I did inquire, with our
11	Election Supervisor, who told me that there had
12	been an increase in personnel costs, and then,
13	also, mailing. The advertising and printing
14	costs. That's what he said. It does seem like
15	a very high increase to me, too.
16	MR. MORALES: An important development, in
17	2004, it was the first election we had early
18	voting. So now you also have
19	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: But I don't think
20	we have early voting in Coral Gables. We don't
21	have it in Coral Gables.
22	MR. LEEN: We don't have it in Coral
23	Gables.
24	MR. MORALES: Okay. All right.
25	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: We don't have early

voting in Coral Gables. 1 MR. LEEN: We don't have it in Coral 2 3 Gables. 4 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Unfortunately. 5 And this is an April election, you know, so 6 we should not be charged for everybody voting 7 in a November election. 8 But I would speak very much, from the 9 heart, against moving the date from April to 10 November, because that will -- I hate to use 11 the word contaminate -- but contaminate our 12 election with extraneous issues. 13 MR. LEEN: The one other thing I thought, 14 but I've not been able to confirm is, you know, after the 2000 election, there were some 15 substantial changes made in the County 16 17 regarding elections and throughout the State of 18 Florida, because of the presidential election. 19 So I thought, maybe, in the time between 2001 20 and 2005 -- because they mentioned personnel 21 and mailing costs, maybe those were part of the 22 costs. 23 We're still looking into it, but I did ask 24 the Clerk, and those were the two reasons he

gave me. That's what he said.

25

1 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: That doesn't make 2 sense. 3 MR. LEEN: But these are the actual costs. 4 It came up at the Commission today, too, and 5 it's a fair amount of more money for us to do it ourselves than in a November election. 6 7 doesn't mean that it's worthwhile -- that's a 8 question for you -- because it is a special 9 election for Coral Gables residents, so you 10 have to decide. 11 Certainly it's not so cost prohibitive that 12 we would have to change it. 13 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No, it isn't. 14 MR. LEEN: It is a potential policy 15 decision. CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: 16 Yeah. 17 MR. KORGE: Well, it's not an issue that 18 should be driven by cost. 19 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No, it isn't. 20 MR. KORGE: If it were that material of a 21 difference, maybe, but, you know, it's a very 22 persuasive point, and I'd say, on the other 23 side -- I'm not really persuaded, one way or 24 the other, but the other side is, we get more 25 participation and we'd have early elections, as

well, at no additional costs.

In other words, because the County has the -- I assume it is at no additional cost -- if we move the election to November, with the general election for everybody else, would we be able to piggy-back, at no additional cost, the early voting?

MR. LEEN: Yes. The cost that we get from the County is for the whole process.

MR. KORGE: Got you. Okay. So, I mean, those are the factors. I mean, if the Commission doesn't want to change this, anyways, I wouldn't want to spend a lot of time debating this, but I see that can go either way, in my mind.

You know, you make a really persuasive point. I really like the non-partisan nature of elections here, because then we just focus on issues, and, you know, it doesn't matter what your party affiliation is.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: That's very persuasive for me. The fact that you will not be asked whether you're a Republican or a Democrat or who you're going to vote for, for Governor.

MR. MORALES: Cost is an issue, I mean, a hundred thousand dollars, you know, in the scheme of things, if the public believes one approach is better. You know, the number that stands out to me is literally triple the turnout. I mean, three times as many people.

You know, in an election where 7,800 people vote, you know, 3,900 people pick a winner. Whereas, if 22,000 people vote, you know, you're talking about 11,000 or 12,000 people deciding who the Mayor is or who the Commissioner is, and that's a compelling argument.

I understand the issue of partisanship.

I've been a candidate on a presidential day.

I've been a candidate on a non-presidential day.

I found that people were still very interested in what my party affiliation was.

You know, this is not something I'll hoist myself with tar over, but my inclination would at least be to let the people in Coral Gables decide whether or not they want to have a day where more people come out or not.

You know, I'm not sure I want to make that decision for the people. I'd put it on the

1	ballot, just to see what the voters of Coral
2	Gables think.
3	MR. KORGE: If it was put on the ballot, it
4	would be separate from all the other changes or
5	is it one package?
6	MR. MORALES: That's a good question. I
7	don't know.
8	MR. KORGE: Craig, what
9	MR. LEEN: Say it again. I'm sorry.
10	MR. KORGE: Let's say we have three or four
11	changes we're recommending. The Commission
12	decides, "Yeah, we want to make those changes."
13	Will it be a package to vote on or will each
14	change
15	MR. LEEN: No. Each one will be voted on
16	separately.
17	MR. KORGE: Okay. You make a good point
18	there.
19	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay.
20	MR. THOMPSON: Well, I have somewhat
21	different views. In the first place, unless I
22	misunderstand it, if we had a vote in November,
23	it would never be at the time of a presidential
24	vote.
25	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: It would be.

1	MR. KORGE: Sure. Every
2	MR. THOMPSON: Well, the presidential vote
3	is in even years, and as I understand, we vote
4	in odd years. The Charter says it started in
5	'85 and '87. I had thought that our elections
6	were in odd years.
, 7	MR. LEEN: They are, but we can move to
8	either.
9	MR. THOMPSON: Then we will never have a
10	presidential election in an odd year.
11	MR. MORALES: No, I think Parker I'm
12	sorry, through the Chair.
13	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No, go ahead.
14	MR. MORALES: I think at the last meeting
15	we did say, if you were going to move it to
16	November, it should be on an even numbered
17	year, because to do it in November of an odd
18	numbered year, there's no advantage. It's the
19	same turnout probably, a lower turnout.
20	MR. THOMPSON: Not necessarily. There are
21	elections, other than the presidential
22	election, that are in odd years. I don't have
23	all of the information here, but I'm pretty
24	sure that there are elections in odd years.
25	MR. MORALES: All the Federal and State

1	elections are even years. I think the only odd
2	year ones, like this November, are some of the
3	large cities, Miami, Hialeah, Miami Beach.
4	I don't think there are any County-wide
5	elections or Statewide elections in the odd
6	years. I think they're all either a
7	gubernatorial year or a presidential year. I
8	think that's how but I'm not sure.
9	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I think you're
10	right on that.
11	MR. BONN: Mr. Chair
12	MR. THOMPSON: The County elections are all
13	in even years?
14	MR. MORALES: All in even years. That I
15	can speak to.
16	MR. KORGE: Do you know whether the City of
17	Miami or any other cities that are in odd years
18	are always in odd years or do they go between
19	odd and even?
20	MR. MORALES: I mean, Miami Beach, which I
21	know well now, is always in odd years. I think
22	Miami and Hialeah are also always in odd years.
23	MR. KORGE: If we're going to stay in odd
24	years, there's no point in changing.
25	MR. MORALES: I agree with that.

MR. KORGE: Yeah.

But if we're going to change, we should change to an even year, because the only motivation I have is to get more people voting.

MR. THOMPSON: I'm with you. And I find for what is certainly one of the more literate segments of Miami-Dade County, that these votes are pretty poor, and I'm interested in what can be done, and we talked last time around about Saturday elections, and we have now Tuesday elections.

I don't have enough knowledge to know what it is that could attract people. I have no doubt over what you just said, that the Commission doesn't want it changed, and if they don't want it changed, whatever we propose, they aren't going to change it.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No, but we should propose what we believe is right.

MR. THOMPSON: But I think that what I would like to see, was taken out of the Charter and created by ordinance, give it back to the Commission, that if it's going to be changed, that they change it, but if they change it as an ordinance, if we pick April, then April is

fixed until there is another Charter Amendment.

1.1

I'd rather have people that are intelligent enough to know more than I do about how in the world to attract a greater vote, whether it's the day of the week or the month of the year.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: But what we approve here, and what we recommend, has to be ratified by the Commission. So whatever we say can be amended by them or can be changed by them.

MR. THOMPSON: Well, I'll get to this later, but nine-tenths of what has been the Charter has been converted to an ordinance. So my personal view would be to convert this issue of the month and the day of the election to an ordinance, and let the Commission, if they have better knowledge, figure out whether it should be a Tuesday or a Saturday in April or November, whether it should be an odd year or an even year.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Craig, can we do that?

MR. LEEN: Yes.

The State Law says that it can be moved by ordinance, even if it's in the Charter. So it would seem to me that you could ask

administratively that it be put in the City

Code instead of -- that's what they would

draft, that it be moved from the Charter to a

Code.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: But we can have a provision saying that this should be moved to the Code, and the Code will determine or will set what the dates are, versus it being in the Charter.

MR. LEEN: Okay.

2.2

MR. THOMPSON: I have a profound disagreement with the Commission voting an ordinance that is contrary to the Charter. And because State Law permits that, for what the people have voted on to be changed, I think it's wrong. I mean, if it goes to an ordinance, it should because the Charter is amended to pass it to an ordinance and pass it to the Commission to make a decision, and I think that State Law is crazy, along with a lot of other things.

MR. KORGE: A lot of other things.

MR. LEEN: You know, Mr. Thompson, I believe that, and I will double-check this, but that this provision was part of a Special Act

of the legislature. You know, a lot of the Coral Gables Charter, when you look at the history in the Charter I gave you, it refers to the laws of Florida.

MR. THOMPSON: I'm not surprised if that would be true, because that, I think, has created the fundamental problem with the Charter that I've asked to address later on.

MR. LEEN: Yes.

So the Municipal Home Rule Powers Act did give the cities administratively the ability to move things into ordinance, if they fit within a certain category. This may fit within that category. It hasn't been moved to the ordinances, but based on -- if that's what you recommend, my office will look at whether that can be done administratively.

If not, then I guess it would have to be amended by referendum. But I have a feeling that this one, particularly since there's a State Statute, which already says it can be amended, and the fact that, you know, it may fall under the provisions that automatically become ordinances under the Home Rule Powers Act, I think -- why don't you recommend that?

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Can we adopt a
provision saying that the elections shall be
held at such time as the Commission
periodically determines by ordinance?
MR. LEEN: Okay. So that's your first
proposal.
MR. THOMPSON: That is my recommendation,
and, then, as we get more information,
Mr. Morales may get it for Miami Beach, and
then we can use it here in Coral Gables, but we
ought to be doing everything we can to up the
vote.
CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I agree, but up the
meaningful vote, and that's my concern with
coinciding elections.
MR. THOMPSON: No, I sympathize with your
comment, and I did look at most of the other
Charters, and a lot of them are in February or
March and not in November.
MR. BONN: Mr. Chair, this is Bill Bonn.
CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yes.
MR. BONN: If I could please speak to this
one issue. First of all, I apologize for not
being present in person, but I have called in,
and it's Bill Bonn, and I just wanted to say

that I've listened to all of the dialog, and I've read the minutes of the last meeting, and I must confess, initially I was favor of the concept of moving the election to November of even years to get a greater voter turnout.

2.4

However, after listening to all of you dialog and whatnot, I have to agree that I don't think that would be -- although we would probably get more of the people voting, which is always good, I do think that our issues would be swamped by the larger national and/or statewide issues. I mean, political or otherwise.

And I really think that personally we should leave the date in April, and I really don't think -- I don't think I would bother to move it to November in an odd year.

I just would think that if we're going to do November in even years, that's one thing, but April seems to make more sense, and I agree with the Chair, to keep as untainted as possible our local issues from elections of statewide or nationwide politics. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Thank you.

1	What is the feeling of the Commission
2	(sic)? Shall we put it off until we hear from
3	the other people, too?
4	Anybody else on the phone?
5	MR. LEEN: It's up to you, Mr. Chair, and
6	to the Committee. I would recommend you
7	know, with five individuals, I would recommend
8	making a recommendation, so we can keep moving.
9	Ultimately it will be the Commission's
10	decision, anyway.
11	MR. MORALES: Sure. I would like to make a
12	motion
13	MR. THOMPSON: I'm sorry, Craig. I have
14	trouble hearing you.
15	MR. LEEN: I'm sorry, Mr. Thompson. I
16	would recommend, because we have so many items
17	to discuss, both, today and going forward,
18	because in the Charter, there's a lot of
19	provisions, I would recommend making a
20	recommendation on this.
21	MR. KORGE: Well, Parker recommended that
22	we move it to ordinance, right? So I'll second
23	on your motion, at least for purposes of
24	discussion, and I want to throw something in on
25	that to discuss.

Weekend elections instead? Anybody have any, you know, interest in that? If not, then I'll just drop it at that. Otherwise, it would be worth discussing.

But, you know, the only issue I have with moving it to an ordinance is that it's sort of a political question, and you're leaving it in the hands of the people who are up for re-election to decide, you know, whether they can move it to a different date.

I don't think it's a real problem in our City, but I'd just point that out.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: For several reasons, I would leave it on a Tuesday. The reasons, we don't have early voting here, although we could have it. We could vote absentee. You're right.

The cost, which, again, is probably marginal, but, I mean, whatever it is. If the County has multiplied their cost by eight in five years or six years, God knows what they would charge us for doing it on a Saturday, much less on a Sunday.

I would leave it on Tuesday. In this country, everybody has always voted on Tuesday.

In Europe, they vote on Sundays, but we're not in Europe, and the traditional day is Tuesday, and I would favor leaving it on Tuesday.

MR. MORALES: You know, I've been a long advocate for the fact that the United States should do like a lot of these other countries, and even have a national holiday or pick a day when people don't have to choose between working and getting their kid to school and voting.

So I would have no problem with Saturday or Sunday. The truth is, ever since 2004, with early voting, I've been there as a candidate, and as somebody voting, you get long lines sometimes on Saturdays and Sundays.

So I think people have gotten more used to voting on the weekend. The challange with a Saturday or Sunday, obviously, is, religious holidays, you know. And those questions, I guess -- and, you know, there are some folks who might be offended if you put it on a Saturday, others on a Sunday.

I don't know, but I do know that Americans, at least in South Florida and across the State of Florida, vote a lot on Saturdays and

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1	Sundays. In fact, choosing to open or not on a
2	Sunday even got to be controversial, and was
3	viewed as being anti-democratic a few years
4	ago. So I think the choice of day I like
5	the idea of a day that people don't have
6	something else that they have to do, in terms
7	of either taking a kid to school or working.
8	So I would be supportive of it, but I know
9	there's always a question of which one you pick
10	and who may be offended, you know, if they have
11	to violate their religious principles,
12	otherwise, to come out and vote on that day. I
13	don't know.
14	MR. KORGE: I suppose the Commission could
15	spend the extra money.
16	MR. BONN: Mr. Chair, I would agree with
17	the comments just stated.
18	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I'm sorry, we can't
19	hear you.
20	MR. BONN: We can move it to, as to
21	Saturday or Sunday, that would be my vote.
22	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I'm sorry, what?
23	We couldn't hear you.
24	MR. BONN: I'm very sorry. It's Bill Bonn.
25	I would vote in favor of moving it to a

Saturday or a Sunday, just because I think
we'll get a greater turnout. I really do. And
that would be a good thing for everybody.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Thank you.

MR. KORGE: I was going to add, another way that it could be handled is, for a little extra money, they could open up a few precincts for early voting on a Saturday and a Sunday, and the Commission could just do that.

MR. THOMPSON: My view is -- and I repeat, I don't know enough to say what's best, and I certainly don't know enough about what will be discovered, and, therefore, what will be best.

I do know that there is concern all over the country for it, about the issue of voting, low registration, that people in other states have experimented with mail registration, all sorts of things, and I think those experiments are good.

My personal experience is what you just said, that Saturday and Sundays, there are long lines for absentee voting, which tends to make me think that a weekend vote would draw more people, but I don't know that. That's my

1 driving by the library and seeing how many people are there. That is hardly a scientific 3 evaluation. 4 I think that the Commission ought to seriously look at ways of doing it. 5 I don't 6 know enough to really speak to what's best, and 7 that's why I recommended that it go to -- that 8 the people be asked to certainly make it clear, and come up with the best decision. 9 10 MR. MORALES: Mr. Chair and Mr. Attorney, 11 can we make a recommendation like such as, 12 leave it on a Tuesday in April, but recommend 13 to the Commission that they add early voting 14 maybe on the weekend prior, to enable folks who 15 may not be able to come? Can we recommend 16 that? 17 MR. LEEN: Certainly. We have to see if the County would be able to do that or we can 18 19 do it ourselves. 20 Yeah, they run our elections by contract. 21 We don't have to use the County, but we 22 generally use the County. 23 MR. MORALES: I think it's an easier way of 2.4 maybe moving the date to increase the turnout. 25 MR. LEEN: Saturday and Sunday.

1	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Early voting on
2	Saturday or Sunday and keep the date on
3	Tuesday.
4	MR. LEEN: So maybe have early voting
5	· Saturday and Sunday, before the Tuesday, is
6	what you're saying?
7	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yes.
8	MR. LEEN: And maybe Monday.
9	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yes, Monday.
10	MR. LEEN: Okay. That would be a proper
11	proposal.
12	MR. KORGE: Is that part of this motion?
13	MR. MORALES: I guess there's a pending
14	motion. There's a pending motion.
15	MR. LEEN: To move it to the City Code.
16	MR. KORGE: And I guess you just add it on,
17	if the mover agrees.
18	MR. THOMPSON: Sure.
19	MR. LEEN: You know, the early voting
20	aspect doesn't necessarily have to be done by
21	ordinance. It could be done in our contract,
22	if we decide to establish early voting.
23	We have an Election Code. We might want to
24	put it in there. So they're not mutually
25	exclusive. But I would make two separate

1	recommendations. One, that it would be moved
2	to the Code, and, Two, even if that fails, you
3	can recommend early voting for four days, three
4	days before.
5	MR. KORGE: You want to vote on Parker's
6	first?
7	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Parker's is?
8	MR. KORGE: To move it to Code.
9	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. All
10	those in favor, say, "Aye."
11	MR. KORGE: Aye.
12	MR. MORALES: Aye.
13	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Aye.
14	MR. LEEN: Was there a second?
15	MR. KORGE: Yeah, I second it.
16	MR. MORALES: Was that your motion, Parker?
17	MR. THOMPSON: My motion was to
18	MR. MORALES: Move it into the Code.
19	MR. THOMPSON: move it into the Code,
20	and I expressed the desire to the whole
21	thing is to increase turnout, and I am I
22	think we ought to be explaining what we're
23	doing and why.
24	MR. MORALES: Then if I can be recognized
25	for a motion then to recommend to the City

1	Commission that they add at least the weekend
2	before of early voting as an effort to
3	enhance put that in the Code, to enhance
4	voter turnout.
5	MR. KORGE: I'll second that, too.
6	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. All in
7	favor, say "aye."
8	MR. MORALES: Aye.
9	MR. KORGE: Aye.
10	MR. PARKER: Aye.
11	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Aye.
12	Okay. Craig?
13	MR. LEEN: Yes. I have both motions.
14	Mr. Bonn, did you vote, yes, on both of them?
15	MR. BONN: Yes, I did.
16	MR. LEEN: Okay. So we have five votes for
17	both. That should be recorded.
18	One other thing, I just wanted to let you
19	know, I did confirm that the Charter was
20	adopted of Special Act of the Legislature in
21	Chapter 13-972, Special Acts, 1929, and Chapter
22	21-160, Special Acts, 1941, as well as
23	subsequent Charter Amendments and revisions.
24	So some of it has gone to the people, but
25	the bulk of it comes from the Legislature.

1 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. Great. 2 Next is the question of a runoff. 3 Mr. City Attorney. 4 MR. THOMPSON: I would like to move that we require a majority vote. We have two proposals 6 of how to get there in front of us. 7 runoff, and one's the Professor's suggestion, 8 which is in the Sarasota Code. 9 I looked at the Sarasota Code, as well, 10 and, personally, it may work, but I think it's 11 more likely to confuse than to -- to do it, but 12 I would recommend that we first express 13 ourselves that a majority vote should be 14 required. 15 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULT: Make a motion. 16 MR. THOMPSON: And that is my motion. 17 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Second? MR. KORGE: Yeah, I'll second that. 18 19 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay. Mr. Bonn? 20 MR. BONN: I'm not sure I agree. I think 21 it's a great concept. I am concerned about the 22 extra cost of runoffs, of running an election 23 farther, but what interested me was some of the 24 commentary about --25 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I'm sorry, but I

1	can't understand what you're saying.
2	MR. LEEN: Mr. Bonn, we can't hear you.
3	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: We can't hear you.
4.	MR. BONN: Okay. I apologize. I must
5	confess that I am not sure I'm in favor of the
6	majority vote requirement. I think maybe
7	plurality might be best for our community, for
8	a couple of reasons.
9	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Richard, can you
10	get closer to the phone?
11	MR. LEEN: Would you ask him to e-mail his
12	comments?
13	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: What you're saying
14	is that you're opposed to majority, right?
15	MR. BONN: Yes, I'm opposed to the vote on
16	majority, yes. I am in favor of plurality.
17	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay.
18	MR. DEWITT: Mr. Chairman
19	MR. LEEN: We heard you, Mr. Bonn. We have
20	it. We have it.
21	MR. DEWITT: This is Richard Dewitt.
22	Richard Dewitt is on the phone.
23	MR. LEEN: Mr. Dewitt, what was your view?
24	MR. DEWITT: I just joined the call.
25	When it's my turn, I'll be glad to voice my

1 opinion. 2 Mr. Chair, the phone doesn't MR. LEEN: 3 seem to work very well. So maybe we won't do 4 it in the future unless --5 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No. Let's not do 6 it in the future. I'm opposed to it. 7 MR. LEEN: I understand. There should be like a conference call that we can put the mike 8 9 I don't know why it's being done this way, 10 and I'm sorry. 1.1 Okay. 12 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Mr. Dewitt, what do 13 you opine in this? What is your opinion on 14 majority versus plurality? 15 No? Richard? We can't hear him. MR. LEEN: Okay. 16 What I suggest, 17 Mr. Chair, is that everyone on the phone, we 18 can't hear you, and, really, we want the people 19 at home to be able to hear you, too. So just 20 You can always e-mail me your listen. 21 comments. I can put them in the record at a 22 later time. 23 We won't do this again, unless it 2.4 absolutely works, Mr. Chair, and we'll test it 25 in advance.

1	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No, we won't do it
2	again, even if it works.
3	MR. LEEN: Are you sure? Even if it works?
4	Okay.
5	So no more participation by phone.
6	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All Right.
7	MR. DEWITT: Craig, can you hear me at all?
8	MR. LEEN: Yes.
9	MR. DEWITT: Okay. I vote for a majority
10	election. That's what I'm saying.
11	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: This is Richard?
12	MR. LEEN: Yes, that's Richard Dewitt.
13	MR. DEWITT: Yes, Dewitt.
14	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay. So
15	Richard
16	MR. DEWITT: I'm for runoffs, yeah.
17	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Richard Dewitt for
18	a majority.
19	We have a motion on the floor that we
20	require a majority. It was made by
21	Mr. Thompson and second by Mr. Korge. All
22	those in favor of the motion signify by saying,
23	"aye."
24	MR. MORALES: Aye.
25	MR. KORGE: Aye.
	l l

1	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Aye.
2	MR. THOMPSON: Aye.
3	MR. DEWITT: Aye.
4	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: What? Somebody
5	voted "aye" on the other side?
6	MR. LEEN: Everyone voted, aye.
7	Any nays, Mr. Chair?
8	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Any nays?
9	MR. BONN: Nay for Mr. Bonn, please.
10	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay. So it was
11	five ayes and one nay.
12	All right.
13	MR. LEEN: Mr. Chair, in terms of
14	implementing that, do you have a recommendation
15	for the Commission as to how you would do that?
16	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: That's the next
17	question and we have the runoff versus the
18	qualified voting suggested by Professor
19	Froomkin.
20	Discussion?
21	Parker, you opined that it was too complicated.
22	MR. THOMPSON: I was just saying that I am
23	in favor of a runoff. This may be a very, very
24	good program. I don't really understand it
25	very well. I read the Sarasota Charter, and I

still don't understand it very well, and, 1 therefore, I would opt for a runoff. 3 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: 4 MR. MORALES: I would agree. Number One, I've not seen it in practice, and so I'm 5 6 probably just a little uncomfortable 7 recommending something I've never seen. 8 Number Two, to make the transition from 9 having only pluralities to then this special 10 runoff system is two steps, may be too fast, 11 when people here are going to now have to get used to a runoff, and rethinking the second 12 vote or something. 13 14. So that might be something to consider down 15 the line. I just think, to make the transition 16 from plurality to majority, I would prefer, you 17 know, again, before people get used to a more 18 complicated system, let them get used to the 19 notion of having runoffs. 2.0 And whether it's a week later or two weeks 21 later, a lot of cities do it. Miami does it. I mean, a lot of cities do it, so it's doable. 22 23 Even larger cities. 24 And I like the runoff idea, because I think 25 the second election will give folks an

opportunity to then study the candidates they didn't vote for, who made it into the runoff, if their candidate didn't make it, and it gives those candidates an opportunity to sort of get their message out that may not have been heard before.

MR. KORGE: I don't disagree with what Jimmy says. The big issue for me becomes, when will the runoff be, and I'd like to see it real short. That will be a separate --

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: That's a separate issue.

MR. KORGE: I know, but I want to point that out, because that makes a difference to me. If you drag it on too long, now you've got another election cycle effectively superimposed on maybe a one candidate race, you know.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I am for the runoff, although I think the ranking of the vote is a very interesting proposal, but I think it would be very confusing, frankly, in this context, to ask the people to rank the candidates.

I think it would be very confusing. I think it's complicated, although it works. I

imagine it works. In Sarasota, they have it, so it must work, but because of the things I said and the date of the election, I am more inclined to vote for the runoff, because in the runoff, you will really focus on the issues, you will really concentrate on what people stand for, and they'll have their platforms and you'll agree with one or not agree, and the runoff will bring that out, versus the ranking of the candidates.

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2.2

So I would vote for the runoff, you know, in my opinion.

MR. LEEN: May I bring up an issue?
CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yeah.

MR. LEEN: The Charter, the way it's currently set, it says, "The Mayor and Commissioners shall take office at noon on the third day after their election," and it says that the candidate receiving the greatest number of votes in each group shall be considered elected upon and after the canvass of the vote.

The issue will be, if you have a runoff, that seat will be unfilled. Either the person who sits in that seat will have to continue --

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Well, that's not a problem, though, because that person continues for one more week, as opposed to three days, and the transfer is, instead of the Friday after the election, two Fridays after the election, and we have the runoff the Tuesday after the Tuesday election.

MR. LEEN: But what I'm asking is, so let's say there's three people running, and two of them get elected by a majority and one of them does not. Do the two become Commissioners on that Friday, and then the one continues?

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No, they would be elected and they would become Commissioners when everybody becomes a Commissioner or Mayor, and, you know, they would be entitled to it, but we would not have the election take office and have an empty seat or a vacant seat at that point.

We would just put the taking of office, postpone it by a week, and have a runoff the Tuesday after the election.

MR. LEEN: I understand. Would you always have it a week and a half or only when there's a runoff?

1	MR. KORGE: I think the answer to your
2	question is that the installation would take
3	place not the Friday following the election,
4	the original election, but the Friday after
5	that, always.
6	MR. LEEN: So always?
7	MR. KORGE: For everybody.
8 -	MR. LEEN: Whether there's a runoff or not?
9	I understand.
10	MR. KORGE: Just like Congress.
11	MR. MORALES: The County Commission is the
12	same way. They all get installed at the same
13	time.
14	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: There would not be
15	a Commission meeting in those seven days, and
16	there usually isn't, anyway.
17	MR. LEEN: Understood. So that's the
18	recommendation.
19	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right.
20	MR. LEEN: I understand. I have it.
21	MR. DEWITT: Craig, can you hear me? I was
22	wondering, how do other cities, like the City
23	of Miami, do it?
24 .	MR. LEEN: How does the City of Miami do
25	it?

1	MR. DEWITT: Yeah, how do other cities do
2	it? You know, what's the norm? When is
3	everybody else having their
4	MR. LEEN: We were just talking that the
5	County does it the way that's being proposed.
6	MR. MORALES: And so does the City of Miami
7	Beach.
8	MR. LEEN: And so does the City of Beach.
9	MR. MORALES: So does the City of Doral.
10	MR. LEEN: And Doral. I don't know about
11	the City of Miami. We can find out, although
12	this has already been passed.
13	You can either do another motion adopting
14	this or you can just, you know, direct me that
15	it's incorporated into your prior motion.
16	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Would you make a
17	motion?
18	MR. MORALES: Yeah. I'll move that we have
19	a runoff. I guess it's a week after
20	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: The Tuesday after.
21	MR. MORALES: The Tuesday after the Tuesday
22	election, so one week later, and that all of
23	those elected in that election will be
24	installed, not the Friday, but the second
25	Friday following the election.
-	

1	MR. KORGE: Following the first election.
2	MR. MORALES: Right.
3	MR. BONN: I'll second it.
4	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. Next
5	item
6	MR. LEEN: We do need a vote, because there
7	was one person who voted against it the last
8	time.
9	MR. BONN: Yes. Mr. Bonn. I still am in
10	favor of plurality, so I do vote, no.
11	MR. LEEN: So it will be five-one again,
12	sir.
13	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Five to one, yes.
14	MR. LEEN: Okay.
15	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. The
16	next concern is Commissioner Removal under
17	Section 11.
18	Craig?
19	MR. LEEN: Yes. Do you have the
20	memorandum? Is it in the packet, memorandum on
21	Section 11?
22	Each of you should have a memorandum that's
23	been provided to you. At this point, it's not
24	being incorporated into a formal City Attorney
25	opinion, because I wanted to get your feedback.

1	Take a moment to look at it.
2	What it basically does is, it says there
3	are some Attorney General opinions. Mr.
4	Morales brought it up with me. And I was aware
5	of this, as well, that indicates that, you
. 6	know, when someone is elected to a position,
7	the law disfavors
8	MR. THOMPSON: I'm sorry, I don't have a
9	copy of your
10	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I don't, either.
11	MR. LEEN: It's the last sheet.
12	The law disfavors Commissions being able to
13	remove their own members. There's a process in
.14	State Law for suspension of Commissioners.
15	Now, it's my view that because this was a
16	part of the Special Act of the Legislature and
17	part of our Charter, I think there's a good
18	argument it is enforceable, although it's so
19	broad it could probably be challenged.
20	You're looking at me
21	MR. KORGE: Go ahead.
22	MR. LEEN: I'm just giving you my opinion.
23	MR. KORGE: I don't agree. Go ahead.
24	MR. LEEN: But there's two terms that are
25	two terms that are used in there, which are

sort of terms of art, although these are usually in subsequent statutes.

Like, for example, Misconduct in Office, the section refers to, just so everyone at home knows, it says, "The Commission may determine its own rules or procedure, may punish its own members for misconduct, and may compel the attendance of members, and on a four-fifth vote, may expel a member for misconduct in office or for neglect of duty."

So it also provides a one week period of time that a member shall be informed, so that he can then come and defend himself against the charges and he has a right to be heard in his own defense.

So what this opinion, which I worked on with the Deputy City Attorney, does, is that it looks at how is misconduct and neglect defined in State Law, and what I propose to do is to adopt a formal City Attorney opinion, because under Section 2-201E8 of the City Code, the City Attorney can interpret the City Charter on behalf of the Commission, and what I would say is that misconduct in office is not whatever the Commission says is misconduct, but is

actually defined by certain principles, which the Commission would have to find.

For example, misconduct in office includes, "One, conduct demonstrating a conscious disregard of the City's interest and found to be a deliberate violation or disregard to the reasonable standards of behavior, which the City expects of its elected officials. Such conduct may include but it's not limited to willful damage to City property or theft of City property." That's taken from the statute.

"Two, carelessness or negligence to a degree or recurrence that manifest culpability or wrongful intent or shows an intentional and substantial disregard of the City's interest or the elected official's duties and obligations to his or her employer."

"Three, chronic absenteeism or tardiness from City Commission meetings."

Neglect of duty is defined as "Neglect or failure on the part of a public officer to do and perform some duty or duties laid on him, as such, by virtue of his office or which is required by him or her by law," which is more general.

So my view is that the Commission would be given this standard, and then they would have to make a determination of whether these standards are met. If so, if they give the person one week, and the Commissioner or Mayor is able to have an opportunity to defend him or herself and hear, you know, what's presented, then the Commission could act by a four-fifth vote to remove the person.

It's in our Charter. It hasn't been removed by the Municipal Home Rule Powers Act. It comes from a State Act, Special Act of the Legislature. So, in my view, it's enforceable.

Now, you could always ask that it be changed.

MR. KORGE: Well, I took the time to look at Constitution and the statutes and some of the cases. I didn't do as thorough a job as you. In fact, I called you, because I wanted to ask you about that, but we never connected.

First of all, neglect of duty, yeah, that's very broad, but the Constitution -- here is what the Constitution says about the suspension of, among other, any county officers.

Malfeasance, misfeasance, neglect of duty,

drunkenness, incompetence," whatever that
means, "permanent inability to perform official
duties or commission of a felony."

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Now, for municipal officers, the

Constitution's Article 4, Section 7-C, for

municipal officers, I'll read it in full, since

that really relates to us, "By order of the

Governor, any elected municipal officer

indicted for a crime may be suspended from

office until acquited and the office filled by

appointment for the period of suspension not to

extend beyond the term, unless these powers are

vested elsewhere by law or the Municipal

Charter." Not very helpful.

Then there's a statute that deals with municipal officer's suspension and removal, and it's Section 112.51, Paragraph 1, by executive order, stating the grounds for the suspension and filed with the Secretary of State. The Governor may suspend from office any elected or appointed municipal official for misfeasance, malfeasance, neglect of duty, habitual drunkenness -- not just drunkenness, but it's got to be habitual, whatever that means -- incompetence or permanent inability to perform

official duties.

It gets worse. Then it says, in Paragraph 2, whenever an elected or appointed municipal official is arrested for a felony or for a misdemeanor related to the duties of office or is indicted and informed against for commission of a felony or a misdemeanor or state felony or misdemeanor -- Federal or State felony or misdemeanor, the Governor has the power to suspend the municipal officer or official from office.

And then it goes on to explain that it's temporary, until the official is acquited or convicted.

Noticeably there's nothing that discusses what happens if they're suspended because of habitual drunkenness or incompetence.

I think what precipitated this whole discussion was, it came from Jim Cason, who was concerned, because of what's happened in the Town of Miami Lakes, and, in particular, the Pizzi case.

So I looked at the Pizzi case, which is not helpful. It is in some respects. The Third District basically said that temporary

suspension means temporary, and that if the official is acquited, then the official is reinstated.

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Then, inexplicably -- well, not inexplicably, but then the Third District went on to reconcile the ordinance with the statute, and, then, in a footnote, which is clearly dictum and with which I'm not sure I agree -- not that, that matters -- the Court went on to say that the Statute and Constitution preempt the Charter, bearing in mind that the Constitution itself references Municipal Charters as a basis for exercising those powers.

That's what I got out of my reading so far.

I don't think it's to our advantage to jump into this wholeheartedly and try to clarify it, because I think we're just going to make matters worse.

MR. LEEN: But, I mean, you could remove it. That's the way to clarify it. Or you can retain it.

MR. KORGE: I have a problem removing it, because now we're delegating to the Governor the sole authority to do that.

MR. LEEN: But so, then, otherwise, it won't be clear unless it's tested.

What I'm saying is that I think that we need to put some standards in place that make it more enforceable. And then my other view is that I do feel a provision like that could be useful in a situation like the Pizzi case. It's much more direct than the one that Miami Lakes was relying on. It actually allows the Commission to remove the member directly.

MR. KORGE: Well, I think we would have to make it very clear that this would be in addition to any statutory or Constitutional authority granted to the State, you know, the Governor, whoever, but my real point -- I kind of blabbered on, didn't I?

My real point is that, you know, neglect of duty is ambigious, but it's in the Constitution and Statute, and they're ambiguous.

So you've got all of the judicial overlay, if there is any. You cited a case there, I noticed, in your memo. I mean, why would we want to elaborate on or narrow down the case or the cases as they may evolve over time by imposing our own standard? Do you see what I'm

imposing our own standard? Do y

saying?

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I see what you're saying, and this would be such an extreme measure. You know, it would need unanimity on the Commission, that I would not gild the lily. In other words, I would leave it as it is. Given this discussion, the Constitutional and statutory provisions, I would just leave it like it is, because I think it is very important for the Commission to have the authority to remove a Commissioner that shows up at the Commission Chambers drunk every time or one of those things. I would leave it as it is.

MR. MORALES: Yeah. I raised it at the last meeting. You know, I forwarded to the City Attorney an Attorney General Opinion that I thought was fairly on point, which actually found -- I think in that case it was a County removing a County Commissioner -- a County Commission voting to remove a County Commissioner, I think it was for absenteeism, and the Attorney General opined that they were preempted -- that the Constitution really only allows the Governor to engage in those removal

activities.

So my sense is, this provision probably would be -- reach a similar conclusion. Again, that was an Attorney General Opinion, not a case law, but as I thought about it more, I think I concur, this is unlikely to ever occur. If and when it does occurs, I'm sure the person who is being removed will hire an attorney and the courts can decide what this means.

I have my own doubts about its enforceability, but, as a result, I don't want to spend a lot of time trying to fix it or get in that battle. At some point, if this ever was invoked, I'm sure the Courts of Law would deal with it, one way or another, and provide whatever guidance we need.

I commend the City Attorney. I think he's given an opinion that at least gives me some comfort about the terms of, you know, misconduct and negligence of duty, and that opinion could provide some guidance in the future, but I do believe, at this point, there's a lot more important issues to deal with than trying to salvage a provision that some of us may have problems with or not.

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It's never been invoked, as far as we know. It may never get invoked. So leave it, and if it ever does happen, let a Court of Law address those issues, with law clerks doing a ream of research.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Are there any objections to us going on -- leaving it as it is and then going on?

MR. KORGE: Do what Parker says.

MR. THOMPSON: I object, yes.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay.

MR. THOMPSON: I think this thing -- I'll blame it on the Special Act of the Legislature, and, my guess, that's where they came from. I find it incredible that four members of a Commission, all elected, can remove one member of the Commission, also elected.

The only provision I could find in here -I may have missed one -- is one I understand.
It's Section 23, where it's the relationship
between the Manager and the Commission, that
deals with the overall concept of a Manager's
and a Commission's relationship, and it says,
"If any member of the Commission tries to tell
employees under the Manager what to do, any

1 violation of the provisions of this section by 2 a member of the Commission shall be a forfeiture of the office of such member." 3 4 I understand that. 5 I can't believe this one, Section 11. 6 I've looked through other Charters, and 7 actually there are only three that I've seen --8 three reasons, and all of them are objective. 9 One is this, if you userp the role of the 10 Manager. And the second is, if you commit a 11 crime or do something -- I love these words --12 moral turpitude. And third is, if you miss 13 more than a certain number of meetings without 14 excuse. That's objected and you have, in 15 effect, abandoned your position on the 16 Commission. 17 Short of that -- it seems to me that's 18 pretty comprehensive. I think this should be removed. 19 Beyond that, it's totally confusing. 20 It talks about a quorum of -- three is a

MR. LEEN: Well, see, that's an interesting point you made about forfeiture of office, because I think that's in the County Charter,

quorum, but it takes a four-fifth vote to kick

21

22

23

24

25

out a member.

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I don't know, how would you execute that provision, unless there was an ability for the Commission to remove a member by a four-fifth vote, because no one's automatically going to leave the Commission. And it may not be something that the Governor would remove someone for. For example, usurping the position of the Manager, which you're right, it says in our Charter that's a forfeiture of office.

I've never heard of that actually happening, where someone has forfeited an office automatically, and I would think the way for the Commission to enforce that would be through this provision, arguably.

MR. KORGE: That's the real issue. If the Governor is not going to act on something that's happening locally, and the Commission doesn't have the power to do so, then, I guess, it doesn't get done.

And the only time I think the Governor is really going to step in, practically speaking, is if someone is charged with a felony, you know.

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1	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yeah.
2	MR. THOMPSON: And the Governor does that
3	automatically.
4	MR. KORGE: Right. They just do it
5	automatically.
6	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: But if somebody is
7	not charged with a felony and
8	MR. LEEN: I mean, the alternative would
9	be, Mr. Chair, the Commission could direct the
10	City Attorney to bring some sort of injunction
11	action some action to have someone removed,
12	based on those sorts of provisions, like a
13,	forfeiture of office provision, but, again,
14	I've never heard of that happening.
15	MR. MORALES: I think we're all struggling.
16	If I may, through the Chair, we're all
17	struggling with: Number One, taking it out
18	sends the wrong message.
19	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yeah.
20	MR. MORALES: You don't want to say it's
21	okay to engage in this kind of activity.
22	And I hear you, Parker, struggling, and I'm
23	struggling, the idea that four elected
24	officials could turn on a fifth, and with
25	broad, you know, language in here, say, "We're

1 removing him, because he or she has engaged in 2 neglect of duty, because they did" who knows 3 what, and while there's a process, that process 4 is entirely contained within this room. 5 There's no appeal. There's nothing. 6 So I think we're struggling with not 7 wanting to send the wrong message, but, on the 8 other hand, a provision that we suspect may 9 either not be enforceable or if it is, boy, 10 it's a powerful political tool, potentially. 11 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: It is a powerful 12 political tool. 1.3 MR. MORALES: But I'm not sure how to fix 14 That's what I'm struggling with. it. 15 I don't know how to fix it, but MR. KORGE: 16 I don't want to be misunderstood. I do think 17 that you're correct, there are standards in the 18 cases, and it just can't be for whatever you 19 want, you know. 20 And so what would happen is, it would be 21 litigated, you know. If four Commissioners 22 say, "You're gone, because you missed three 23 meetings," it would be litigated, you know, and 24 that's the way it is. 25 And there would be specific charges brought

in a motion.

MR. LEEN: But, understand, you know, it's possible to be litigated and a Court might find that it's not enforceable, but if the Court finds its enforceable, my feeling is that the Court would defer to the legislative body, which makes its findings that, that constitutes misconduct, because that's what they do in cases of impeachment. That's what they do in any case where its a legislative act. It's not being treated as a quasi-judicial one.

MR. KORGE: Politically.

MR. LEEN: So I would think that the Court would say it's a political question, if it's enforceable.

MR. KORGE: Now, if you want to change it,

I would just adopt the language in the

Constitution and the statute. "Malfeasance,

misfeasance," et cetera, et cetera. Put all of

that in there, and then it's very clear. It's

the same basis on which the Governor could act.

Then, you know, it still doesn't answer the question, but it makes it clear that the City, as a whole, is following State Law.

Then the only issue left is whether State

Law preempts it, such that the Commission doesn't have the authority even to do that.

That would be one way to bring some clarity.

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CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: That would be one way to do it, and I think that's a good suggestion. I think it's a very good suggestion, because I do believe that an article such as this is needed in there. I mean, the Commission has to be able to defend itself against moral turpitude or gross misfeasance or something like that, and I think it should be here.

MR. LEEN: I mean, another thing you could do is, you could recommend to the Commission a resolution or an ordinance interpreting this provision or adopting, you know, standards for its enforcement. As long as it's consistent with the Charter provision, you could do that. It could just be a City Attorney opinion, adopted by the Commission, if you want that read into this.

I mean, it's up to you, but I don't know how you would even write that as a ballot question, because you have some words in there already and now we're changing the words, but

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1	arguably it's the same thing, but just more
2	specific.
3	I'm not sure how you would put that in a
4	seventy-five word
5	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: What about
6	incorporating the statutory language, as
7	Mr. Korge has said?
8	MR. LEEN: Well, you could do a motion.
9	You could recommend that.
10	MR. KORGE: Well, I mean, I'm happy to do
11	that if you all think it's a good idea.
12	MR. THOMPSON: If you all think what's a
13	good idea?
14	MR. KORGE: In other words, changing, I
15	forget what, misconduct in office, instead of
16	using that as the basis for the Commission's
17	ability to remove somebody, specifying the
18	bases set forth in the Constitution or the
19	statute for the removal of an officer by the
20	Governor, which the standards on municipal
21	officers in the statute are malfeasance,
22	misfeasance, neglect of duty, habitual
23	drunkenness, incompetence or permanent
24	inability to perform official duties.
25	The effect of that is to say that the

1 same -- that the Commission would have the 2 authority to remove a Commissioner by 3 essentially a unanimous vote, meaning 4 four-fifth, if an official is going to be 5 removed on the basis on which, by Executive 6 Order, the Governor could remove that person. 7 MR. THOMPSON: I could support a 8 substitution for this that specified objective 9 standards for removing a person. One is in 10 there, and that person cuts across the 11 Commission, Manager, former government, and 12 attempts to userp the role of the Manager. .13 He's the Manager. You fire the Manager. 14 You don't go and work for the people who work 15 for the Manager and for the City. The second is, some form of crime, maybe 16 17 what you suggest. 18 And, third, that the person doesn't attend 19 the meetings. I'm not in favor of the right of 20 four Commissioners to remove one, other than 21 for a violation of objective standards. 22 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: How would you feel 23 about adopting the statutory language? 24 Well, I guess I feel as good MR. THOMPSON: 25 about that as I feel about the text of this

1 document. I don't have a great love for the draft of the statute. 3 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I think we need to 4 do something there. MR. THOMPSON: You know, a crime -- maybe 6 you want to make it a felony or a Third Degree 7 misdemeanor. And if it is, it is. Then it 8 leaves it up to the Legislature to define, 9 redefine. You don't adopt the language. 10 just say, any felony or a certain degree of 11 misdemeanor. 12 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I would go farther 13 than that. I really would. In order to take 14 care of, you know, the situations you have, 15 willful damage to City property, carelessness 16 or negligence to a degree of recurrence that 17 manifests culpability or wrongful intent, intentional and substantial disregard of the 18 19 City's interest. 20 MR. LEEN: One example --21 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Neglect of official 22 duties and obligations. 23 MR. THOMPSON: Most of those are crimes of 2.4 some sort or another. 25 MR. LEEN: Like an example would be, and

I've never had this experience here with this Commission, but every time we do an Executive Session, like on labor negotiations, I'll read something at the beginning, saying, you know, this shouldn't go out of the room. This would be a misuse of the information, if it was given outside of the room, but what if, hypothetically, you had a Commissioner that habitually would just go out and tell the Union, for example, everything that was stated in the room.

They have a right to be in the room. So you can't exclude them, but I can see a Commission at some point wanting to say, "Look, in order to protect the City," because they're acting as the City's interest, "We may, you know, need to remove that person."

The struggle I have, as the legal advisor, is, this provision strengthens the Commission, but it weakens the Commissioners a lot, and there is a danger of abuse.

So, you know, that's all the advice I can give on it, except that if it is ever used, I'd like it to be defensible.

So, you know, my thought was, we could put

all of this into -- you could just ask my office to prepare, maybe more specific than this, because here we're just interpreting very broad language, and the Commission could then take that interpretation or whatever you recommend and adopt it as an interpretive resolution, because they're really just limiting their own authority at that point. They're not adding to their authority, in violation of the Charter.

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They're basically setting the standards for how they will apply it, which I believe they can do.

MR. THOMPSON: I could accept a knowing violation of a City ordinance, and that would probably take care of your labor thing. The City adopts an ordinance that confirms -- I don't think they need to, but that confirms that the Sunshine Law doesn't apply.

MR. LEEN: That's a good example.

MR. THOMPSON: But then it would be up to the Commission, as a whole, to adopt. If a person that willfully violates the ordinance sits on the Commission, that would probably be grounds, because it's objective.

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I didn't mean to limit it to three. 1 2 mean, it's got to be an objective standard. 3 MR. MORALES: Mr. Chair, if I -- Craig, 4 what I hear you sort of saying is, you have some level of discomfort that, as written, it 5 6 might not be in the strongest form to withstand 7 challange. 8 I don't know, Mr. Chair, if it would be an 9 appropriate motion to ask you to come back, 10 perhaps, with a proposed revised Section 11, that captures the spirit that we're talking 11 12 about, wanting to give the Commission the .. 13 ability to enforce some fair rules, but that ...14 perhaps has some level of greater definition, . 15 standards that would give you comfort 416 that you'd have a better day in court, as you 17 stood there in front of the Judge. 18 MR. LEEN: But do you want an actual 19 amended section or do you want a resolution 20 interpreting it? Which one do you prefer? 21 No, my thought would be, MR. MORALES: 22 let's have a Section 11 that as drafted would 23 have a much better chance of standing up in 24 court. 25 MR. LEEN: Understood. I could do that.

1	MR. MORALES: That would be my motion, to
2	direct you to come back to our next meeting.
3	MR. KORGE: I'll second that. I think
4	that's a good idea.
5	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. All
6	those in favor?
7	MR. THOMPSON: Sure.
8	MR. MORALES: Aye.
9	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Aye.
10	MR. KORGE: Aye.
11	MR. BONN: Aye.
12	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Great. Next is
1,3	mayoral term, two or four years.
14	MR. MORALES: I thought we decided that we
15	were sticking with two.
16	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yeah, but we
17	decided, because of an election eleven years
18	ago, which adopted term limits
19	MR. DEWITT: What did we just vote on?
20	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: which adopted
21	term limits by a sixty-some to thirty-some
22	vote, adopted the two-year versus four-year by
23	50.01 to 49.09. Does that make a difference?
24	MR. LEEN: Mr. Chair, we did look at the
25	history. You're correct. And the Mayor

1 actually wanted me to say that today, as well, 2 that it was a very close vote the second time. 3 Mayor Slesnick served from 2001 to 2003, 4 2003 to 2005, 2005 to 2007, three two-year 5 He served one four-year term. 6 that's been one four-year term served, 2007 to 7 The two elections were in 2005 and 2009. 2011. 8 So you had wanted the history, and we did 9 confirm that. 10 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Well, he served one 11 four-year term and then it was voted down by 12 0.01 or 0.0 some percent. 1.3 Is there any thinking on the part of this 14 Commission to review the two versus four-year 15 term? MR. DEWITT: 16 I thought we dealt with this 17 last time. 18 MR. THOMPSON: I guess I am where I was the 19 last meeting, which is that I would think that 20 if a Commissioner serves four years, the Mayor 21 should serve four years, but we did go to the 22 people and a vote is a vote. 23 What if it was a narrow vote? Well, it was a vote. Votes are votes, and the people have 24 25 spoken, and my view is, we should just leave it

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1	alone, for that reason, not because I agree
2	with it.
3	MR. MORALES: It was only six years ago,
4	right, 2009?
5	MR. LEEN: 2009.
6	MR. MORALES: Yeah. I mean, I would hate
7	to keep going back every five or six years. I
8	know it was close, but you've got to respect
9	it, no matter how close.
10	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Tom.
11	MR. KORGE: I'm good with that. I know
12	that Mayor Cason thinks that changing it, even
: 13	though he's not running, he says, for
14	reelection, but he thinks running every two
15	years is just too burdensome for what is
-16	essentially a volunteer job to begin with.
17	You were Mayor. Were they all four-year
18	terms or were they
19	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No. No. They
20	were all two-year terms. There was only one
21	time in the City's history where there was a
22	four-year term, and that was Don Slesnick, '07
23	to '11.
24	MR. KORGE: I don't see any point in
25	changing it, then.

1 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: And I ran four 2 times for two years, and I think it works 3 perfectly well. Yes, it is burdensome, but 4 then you take the burden on yourself, and if 5 you want to do it or if it's too much of a burden, then don't do it. 6 7 I think there was a vote. 8 MR. KORGE: There was. 9 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: And, you know, the 10 majority voted for a two-year term, and there 11 is a Mayor, in two-year terms, that the 12 Commission can be swept, and I would speak for 13 a two-year term, especially since the people 14 voted on it. 15 All right? 16 MR. MORALES: All right. 17 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Next. New 18 Business. Proposal to draft New Charter, 19 sponsored by Mr. Thompson. 20 I think that we all agreed to that, right? MR. THOMPSON: Well, I will say, I've read 21 22 now a bunch of charters and I hate to say it, 23 but the City of Miami and City of Coral Gables 24 Charter's by far the worst.

Any charter that starts off, Section 1,

25

"That the present municipal government existing under the name of the City of Coral Gables, in Dade County, Florida, be and the same is hereby abolished," is not exactly what I would like to show a resident of Coral Gables.

But just to experiment whether I was crazy,

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But just to experiment whether I was crazy, since our last meeting, I have run this by five or six people, and I will tell you that there was a hundred percent accurate -- I mean, they all had the same reaction, total laughter.

I don't think that's the way we ought to start.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Right.

MR. THOMPSON: And I did a count. That Charter shows 41 sections repealed. In most cases, it doesn't say what they even covered before they were repealed, but they're repealed, whatever they were.

And, then, another 16 are called reserved.

I don't know what reserved means, but it
appears to mean repealed. 57 provisions of
this Charter are reserved or repealed.

Now, I'm laughing, because I think it's ridiculous.

MR. LEEN: Mr. Thompson, if I could add to

that. The Charter goes from Section 111 to Section 201. It does, because we have this related laws portion, but there used to be over 200 provisions in our Charter, most of which have disappeared.

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MR. THOMPSON: I think a Charter should say what it is, not what it isn't.

And several cities have gone through problems like this, St. Augustine, Boca, wrote a beginning explanation of the Special Acts and how it came about, that was actually informative.

And my recommendation is that the Commission ask the City Attorney to draft a new ordinance -- I mean, a new Charter, that is readable.

The best Charter ever written is the United States Constitution. It's short, and people understand it, and that's what I think our residents are entitled to do, is understand it.

If my decision to vote or not vote was based on reading the Charter, I don't mean here, but just vote, I would never vote.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yeah. All right.
Mr. City Attorney, you got --

1	MR. KORGE: Well, before you jump to that,
2	I just have one observation. I agree with you
3	completely. It would be nice if it were
4	written clean, concise, understandable.
5	The real issue is, then, we have to present
6	an amended and restated Charter, in its
7	entirety, for a vote. I'm guessing. Is that
8	correct to state?
9	MR. LEEN: No. This would just be
10	editorial. So we would keep the same
11	provisions, but some of them, like the ones
12	that you're talking about, would be moved to an
13	appendix. We would take the central provisions
14	and put them at the beginning.
15	MR. KORGE: Well, for example, Section 1,
16	he's saying I think what you're saying is,
17	instead of abolishing the City, you're stating
18	that the City Charter originally was adopted by
19	Special Act of the Legislature, and that
20	Charter has been repealed, in favor of the Home
21	Rule Charter that we have now, right?
22	MR. THOMPSON: I'm not sure of this, but my
23	guess is, the City went bankrupt in 1937,
24	and
25	MR. KORGE: You think that's it?

MR. THOMPSON: -- and that as an acknowledgement of that, the Legislature was asked to do a Special Act and abolish the former City, created a new. That's a guess.

MR. KORGE: Well, just getting back to the more general point, I'm good with it. I just wonder whether we have to present a rewritten Charter, in its entirety, to the electorate. And if we do, then it will be a little bit of a task explaining to them what's really changed.

MR. LEEN: No, in my opinion, we would only need to do that if there's substantive changes to the Charter. If we're simply re-numbering, if we're putting in an editorial comment at the beginning, like a forward, explaining what this is, and we're clear where the Charter provisions begin, and we -- like I said, we could re-structure this and still have the same provisions, and some of them will be -- like right now they have these related law provisions.

We could have an appendix with other provisions. A number of the provisions were removed, because they were viewed to be void under the Municipal Home Rule Powers Act, and

1 that was, you know, a decision of the City 2 Attorney, and sometimes the Commission, through 3 an ordinance. 4 At least, looking at the history, that's my 5 understanding of it. 6 So I do think we have a fair amount of 7 flexibility. Now, if we were to change the 8 mayoral term or the duties of the Mayor or 9 something like that, then, yes, it would have 10 to go for referendum, but I think the public 11 will appreciate a pamphlet. 12 MR. THOMPSON: I would add to the motion --13 the motion would be, a New Charter, that had 14 the same overall substantive meaning as that 15 which has been approved by the Committee here 16 today. 17 MR. KORGE: You mean, existing plus the 18 changes we're recommending? 19 MR. THOMPSON: Yes. Right. And it would 20 confirm that -- I mean, it would have to still be a Manager, Commission government, that -- et 21 22 cetera. 23 But I don't know if that's MR. MORALES: 24 where you were going, Tom, or Craig is. 25 going to put that Charter, then, as a package

on the ballot or will you do these, the nice, neat new, you know, 2.0, once the voters have adopted any changes they might have adopted?

MR. LEEN: Well, based on what the
Commission said today at the meeting, and
what's being said here, if you want me to do
this, I was going to start working on it right
away. I've asked the Former Deputy City
Attorney, at a very reasonable rate, to go
through and take out all of the provisions that
say, "Repealed," don't start with Section 1,
Abolition of Existing Government, put that in
the appendix.

Probably start with something like, General Powers, or with the structure of the government, City Commission and City Manager. And at the very least, to do that now. It shouldn't take that long. It's not that long a document.

And put it into some sort of document that you could look at in the next couple of meetings to see what you think about it, and then we could put that into a pamphlet. I feel comfortable doing that. It's not going to change the substance of the Charter.

1	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay.
2	MR. DEWITT: I think that's a great idea.
3	This is Richard Dewitt. I agree with that.
4	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. The
5	next section to be discussed is Passage of
6	Ordinances and Resolutions, and I don't think
7	there's anything controversial in that. Two
8	votes
9	MR. MORALES: I just have a legal question,
10	Craig.
11	MR. LEEN: Sure.
12	MR. MORALES: There's a section here that
13	says, "No ordinance shall be passed until it
14	has been read on two separate days or the
15	requirement of reading it on two separate days
16	has been dispensed with by a four-fifth vote of
17	the members of the Commission."
18	Now, under State Law, at least, a Zoning
19	Ordinance don't they have to have two readings?
20	Can the Commission dispense of that?
21	MR. LEEN: Yes.
22	MR. MORALES: Aren't there certain
23	requirements
24	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: There are certain
25	emergency ordinances that, you know, dispense

with that.

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MR. MORALES: No, this says for all ordinances.

MR. LEEN: It does say, "All ordinances."

I've never had that question. We've always

applied State Law as to Zoning ordinances, and

we've never had an emergency one, where we

tried to use our Home Rule Charter power to

enforce.

I would be extremely reluctant to do that, and I would probably say, no, because, as Mr. Morales mentioned, in the State Law, it does have very specific provisions about changes in uses or certain Zoning provisions where that needs to happen.

Now, it's actually not exactly reflective of State Law, either. I think State Law says it's a two-third or three-fourth vote, but, to me, it ends up meaning four out of five Commissioners, no matter what, to do an emergency ordinance.

So, you know, that provision, I think, is fine. And what an emergency ordinance is, is that we don't go through the two reading process and there's not an advertisement put in

the paper. We're waiving those requirements.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: In my experience, they're used for true emergencies.

MR. MORALES: No, I understand all of that. My only concern is, that sentence, as written, is not in conformance with State Law, because you would not have an effective new Zoning ordinance, for example, if you waived a second reading.

MR. LEEN: That's true.

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Well, what's interesting is that there is a provision in the Home Rule Powers Act, which says that this is not the exclusive way to adopt ordinances. And my understanding of State Law is, you can rely on these older Charter provisions. However, when you're talking about land use and zoning, there's property rights, and I never want it to be said we denied due process, and the State Law provides process; whereas this provision is very general.

So the position I've taken with the City is always that we go -- we don't do emergency ordinances. If you want to clarify that, and amend this provision, we can. It's up to you.

1 And then that can never be done, no matter who 2 the City Attorney is. 3 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I would leave it as 4 it is. 5 MR. MORALES: That's fine. As long as 6 you're comfortable with that, as long as the 7 City is following the statutory process and 8 you're viewing that as trumping this. 9 MR. LEEN: You could ask for an opinion to 10 that effect. You might do that. 11 MR. MORALES: Yeah. It would be helpful to 12 have that even just for the City, that, in 13 fact, you're complying with State Law, and 14 that, that sort of trumps this provision, in 15 terms of the legality of whether it's budget 16 ordinances or land use ordinances, because I 17 know there's a whole panoply of different items 18 that are addressed by statute now. 19 MR. LEEN: Yes. 20 MR. MORALES: Okay. 21 MR. LEEN: The benefit of a provision like 22 this is, if there ever was a true emergency, 23 and we had to adopt something that wasn't 24 strictly compliant with State Law, we would 25 have an argument, based on the Charter power,

1 that we could do it. Whereas, if we didn't 2 have this provision, we couldn't do it. 3 would be no colorable legal argument. 4 But my opinion is, we should follow State 5 Law, except for where there's no provision 6 requiring notice and two readings. And then we 7 can use the emergency ordinance provision. 8 And State Law does recognize the ability to 9 do emergency ordinances, as well. 10 MR. MORALES: Sure. CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: 11 The next section 12 is, Section 15, Duties of Mayor. 13 There are two issues here. One, and, I think, the simplest one, the Commission has 14 always recognized the Mayor appointing the Vice 15 Mayor, although it's not here, and I would 16 17 suggest that --18 MR. LEEN: Mr. Chair, I don't mean to 19 interrupt, but there was one other provision I 20 wanted to raise, with Passage of Ordinances and 21 Resolutions. 2.2 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: What? 23 MR. LEEN: One other issue that has come 24 up, sir, is that it says that it has to be a 25 majority of the whole to pass any final

resolution or ordinance, whereas our Code says that action can be taken by the Commission by a majority of a quorum.

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So I have always taken the position that the Charter provision, which says, I think, a majority of the members of the Commission, takes precedence, but that issue is out there, because our Code says something different.

And so what I've always said is, for parliamentary motions, it could be two. It really comes up if there's three Commissioners present, and there's a two-one vote. What happens?

If it's parliamentary, I've always said that it passes. If it's a final decision, I say it fails, because they don't have a majority of the whole, but I was curious for your guidance on that. And, then, also, whether you think that should be changed or whether it's better to be a majority of the whole.

MR. KORGE: Can it be changed by ordinance?

MR. LEEN: No. That probably would require
a Charter amendment.

MR. MORALES: My experience has been that

in most places it's the majority of those present, except there are certain instances where you'll require a vote of all of the membership for certain items.

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But, generally speaking, it's a majority of those present, because then you allow conceivably two members, by not showing up, to block a potential to get to three.

I haven't seen that, as a general rule.

I've seen it for certain instances, you create super majorities, but not necessarily as a whole.

MR. LEEN: The other issue that comes up is, every matter that's voted on here, that isn't purely parliamentary or a direction, we reduce to a written resolution, even if it would be a motion at the County. We treat it as a written resolution, and we draft one, because it says that the Commission can only act by ordinance or a written resolution, and then it requires the three votes.

It is sort of a unique issue for Coral Gables. So I've always wanted to have a body to raise that with, and I was curious what you think, because it's come up two or three times

1 since I've been here. 2 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: It has? 3 MR. LEEN: Yes. 4 MR. MORALES: I don't know if you looked at 5 the history. Was that provision in the Special 6 Act or was it later? You know, as a policy 7 matter, the people of the City might have said, 8 "We always want at least three Commissioners 9 voting for something." 10 I can see the policy behind that. 11 MR. LEEN: It says it was done in Ordinance 1.2 Number 2133, but my understanding -- that's one of the things we're going to be doing when we 13 14 re-write the Charter, is, some of these 15 provisions don't even provide a history. Му 16 understanding, the Commission passed an 17 ordinance, at one time, which said that this 18 Charter originated in two Special Acts. 19 So, I mean, I have an old Charter, which has these provisions in it, including that one, 20 21 and all of those, I believe, come from Special 22 Acts. 23 But that's what I'll be doing when I 2.4 re-write the Charter based on your direction. 25 We'll have to research those things.

1 MR. THOMPSON: Mr. Chair, I doubt that the average citizen knows the difference between an 3 ordinance and a resolution, and I noted that 4 some of these charters do specify what kinds of 5 matters are considered by ordinance and what 6 matters should be considered by resolution. 7 This is a general authority to do either, 8 without any clear telling people which is 9 which. 10 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Craiq? 11 MR. LEEN: State Law defines the difference 1.2 between an ordinance and a resolution. 13 Ordinances are things that are supposed to be 14 broad policy statements or changes to the Code 15 or things that people can be punished for. 16 Obviously, the pension ordinance, Zoning 17 ordinances. Resolutions are administrative in nature. 18 19 They tend to be approvals of things, like 20 contracts, appointments, et cetera. 21 MR. THOMPSON: I'm just suggesting that 22 maybe in the re-write you might put in a 23 sentence or two that says those things. MR. LEEN: 24 Well, one thing I could do is, 25 for example, put a footnote -- I can make it

1	clear it's not part of the Charter, but that
2	State Law has defined a resolution as follows
3	and an ordinance as follows.
4	MR. THOMPSON: Sometimes it's better to put
5	it in English.
6	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Do we leave the
7	majority vote
8	MR. LEEN: I could do that, too.
9	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: of all of the
10	members for final passage or do we change it to
1.1	those present?
12	MR. LEEN: It's up to you.
13	MR. DEWITT: This is Richard Dewitt. I
14	think we should have a majority of the whole.
15	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: What?
16	MR. LEEN: He said, "A majority of the
17	whole," Richard Dewitt.
18	MR. BONN: Bill Bonn. I agree with Richard
19	Dewitt.
20	MR. KORGE: Leave it the way it is.
21	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Fine. Leave it the
22	way it is.
23	MR. MORALES: Yeah. As I think about it,
24	even though in other places you often have
25	larger bodies, seven, ten, thirteen, and I can

1 -	see the people of Coral Gables saying, you
2	know, "If there's a going to be an ordinance
3	adopted, there should be at least three
4	affirmative votes."
5	MR. KORGE: There's only five
6	Commissioners. How hard can it be to get three
7	votes?
8	MR. MORALES: Right. Right.
9	MR. LEEN: Thank you.
1.0	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Duties of Mayor.
11	As I was saying, two issues. The first is the
12	appointment of the Vice Mayor, and I would put
1.3	in here that the Mayor appoints the Vice Mayor,
1.4	which has been the practice forever.
1.5	MR. THOMPSON: I agree with that.
16	MR. MORALES: Is there any reference to a
17	Vice Mayor in the Charter, even?
18	MR. LEEN: No. It's in the Code. There's
19	a couple of references. And there's a
20	resolution.
21	MR. MORALES: I would support that.
22	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay. So put it in
23	there.
24	And the second one is, "In time of public
25	danger or emergency, he may, with the consent

1 of the Commissioners, take command of the 2 police and maintain order and enforce the 3 laws." 4 I am for that being there. The Mayor is 5 elected by the people, and on emergencies, he 6 should, you know, have the authority to --7 MR. DEWITT: Mr. Chair, can you repeat 8 that? I couldn't understand it. 9 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: What? 10 MR. DEWITT: Could you repeat what you just 11 said? 12 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yes. "At a time of 13 public danger or emergency, he may, with the 14 consent of the Commissioners, take command of 15 the police and maintain order and enforce the 16 law." 17 As long as we leave there that it is with 18 the consent of the Commissioners, I am very 19 much for this provision. The Mayor was elected 20 as Mayor by the people, and in terms of 21 emergencies, he should have the ability, with the consent of the Commission, to take command 22 23 of the police and maintain order. 2.4 MR. KORGE: You know, I talked to the City 25 Manager about that very issue, and she agrees

1	that if the Commission appoints the Mayor
2	you know, gives that emergency power to the
3	Mayor, that's good. Otherwise, it's not good.
4	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay.
5	MR. KORGE: So it's good.
6	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right.
7	MR. KORGE: The Manager doesn't have a
8	problem with that.
9.	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay. The next
10	is
11	MR. MORALES: Two things. One, on the Vice
12	Mayor thing, we should probably also then add a
13	sentence, you know, that the role of the Vice
1.4	Mayor is to you know, whatever because
15	it's completely silent in here about the role
16	of the Vice Mayor.
17	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: What I would
18	suggest is, during his absence or disability,
19	his the duties shall be performed by the Vice
20	Mayor, who shall be appointed by the Mayor.
21	MR. MORALES: Yeah, that's good.
22	MR. LEEN: One other issue I just want to
23	raise. One other thing that this does, the
24	Duties of Mayor it's an interesting
25	provision, because it does say that the
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1 Mayor -- when it talks about the Mayor's duties, it says that he can do other duties 3 consistent with his office and this Charter, as 4 may be imposed by Commission. 5 So, historically, that has meant that the 6 Mayor has signed some things, as opposed to the 7 City Manager. Usually it's like bond documents or things like that. 9 The other way that this has been used, 10 though, is that the Mayor has generally been 11 the person who has negotiated with the 12 appointed officials on behalf of the 13 Commission. 14 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: That makes sense. 15 MR. LEEN: And there may be some other 16 things, but that is a potentially broad grant 17 of authority to the Mayor. 18 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: With the consent of 19 the Commission. 20 MR. LEEN: With the consent of the 21 Commission. 22 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. 23 next is compensation. I would leave this as it 24 Compensation of Mayor and Commissioners,

by ordinance, which requires a four-fifth vote.

25

MR. KORGE: Right. I have one issue, and it's a real simple issue. Apparently, recently, the prior Manager, had simply kept it out of the budget, effectively denied the CPI adjustment that was automatic. I have a problem with that. I have a problem with a mandatory adjustment being ignored by a Manager.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I would have a problem with a Manager ignoring anything that is mandatory.

MR. KORGE: Yeah. So I don't know how you would address that.

MR. LEEN: I've raised that issue in the past. My view is that -- well, what happened was, one year there was an ordinance, that the Former City Manager, Pat Salerno, had -- I'm not sure if it was from him or how it got to the Commission, but there was an actual ordinance passed waiving the raise.

And as I can recall, and I want to double-check this, I can refer back to it at the next meeting, but, as I recall, I believe it applied to the elected and appointed officials, because all of the elected and

appointed officials have the CPI.

2.2

Then, for whatever reason, several years passed where there was no ordinance waiving it, and it wasn't granted. And then I basically told the Finance Department at one point, "You need to start giving this," and they did last year.

This year, there was not a CPI. It was negative. So there was none this year.

I've raised the issue of having them go back and fix what they didn't provide. The issue is -- and I need to say -- I need to be totally open about this, it applies to me, too, because my raise was waived, as well.

So I have an interest in this, so I want to be -- I'll actually turn it over to Miriam, if she wants to talk about it, but just in the full spirit of disclosure, the reason it came up was, it says that it has to be ratified in the budget.

So it hasn't been ratified in the budget, because it hasn't been put into the budget for several years in a row. But, you know, my concern was -- and under State Law, I am allowed to speak, even if it affects me. I

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1	want to be clear. There's a statute that says
2.	that.
3	My concern was that it affects the
4	Commission, and the Commissioners have much
5	lower salaries than the appointed officials,
6	and it seems to me they should be getting their
7	CPI increase, because the whole purpose of an
8	ordinance like that is so that it doesn't have
9	to be a political issue?
10	And with that, I'll turn that over to
11	Miriam. Do you have any thoughts on that,
12	Miriam, because it does affect me?
13	Are you aware of the issue.
14	MS. RAMOS: Yes, but I haven't done the
15	research.
16	MR. LEEN: So I've raised it, but I
17	basically raised it with the administration,
18	and said, "I'm not going to have anything more
19	to do with it, because it affects me."
20	MR. KORGE: So what you said indicates to
21	me that it doesn't expose the City to a claim
22	for back increases?
23	MR. LEEN: Exactly.
24	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: It doesn't?
25	MR. LEEN: I don't believe it does, but I

do think that -- part of me is concerned. Even if, for example, they didn't give it to the appointed officials, I would be fine with that, but I do think that they should give it to the elected officials. I think, even retroactively.

It should be put into the budget, because they never waived it for themselves, and there's an ordinance that says it's supposed to be put into the budget, and that concerns me.

CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: We should follow that ordinance and certainly it is objectionable for the Former City Manager to have done something counter to an ordinance.

Okay. The next is, and let's take this one as the last, Section 17, Appointment of City Officers, Regular Proceedings. "The Commission shall keep a record of proceedings," et cetera. "The Commission shall appoint a City Manager, a City Clerk and City Attorney," and I was asked by a City Commissioner to consider the possibility of having the Chief of Police as an appointed official.

The purpose of this City is, the public safety of the residents, and the Chief of

1 Police is very, very much a function of this. I mean, he or she is the one who provides for 3 this. 4 And what is your feeling in having the 5 Chief of Police be an appointed official? 6 Tom, I see --7 MR. KCRGE: I don't know. It starts 8 getting political. I don't like police that 9 are involved in politics. 10 MR. DEWITT: Yeah, this is Richard. 11 would object to that. I think that's a 12 mistake. 13 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: What? - 14 MR. DEWITT: I think it's a mistake. 15 serious mistake. 1.6 MR. BONN: This is Bill Bonn. I would be 17 in favor of us at least having a more detailed 18 discussion on this topic, because I think it's 19 very, very important, obviously not only 20 because of recent history in the City, but 21 I've also have had experience in another 22 community where I lived where the City 23 Manager -- the Chief of Police reported to the 2.4 City Manager, and the City Manager was a former 25 Chief of Police, and there were some very

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1	serious issues, and they're both now gone,
2	after some heartrending stories and some money,
3	but I really think it's something that we
4	should think about, because I agree, there's
5	always concerns it's going to become political,
6	but, on the other hand, it's the City
. 7	Commissioners that will be getting the phone
8	calls from and the Mayor, from the public,
9	on certain issues about public safety and
10	whatnot.
11	And if there's no I do worry about the
12	indirect line of authority. I'll just throw
13	that out there.
14	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Bill? Why don't we
15	bring this up as the first item for the next
16	meeting?
17	MR. DEWITT: Yeah, let's bring this up next
18	time. I would like to participate in that
19	discussion more closely.
20	MR. BONN: Yeah, it's really important.
21	MR. MORALES: One question about the
22	proposal. The proposal would be that the
23	Commission appoints the Chief. Who does the
24	Chief report to?
25	MR. KORGE: The Commission.

1	MR. DEWITT: That's the big issue right
2	there.
3	MR. KORGE: That's a mistake.
4	MR. MORALES: Yes, let's have that
5	discussion
6	MR. THOMPSON: I don't think there's any
7	doubt, if the Commission appoints him, he
8	reports to the Commission. The City Attorney
9	is appointed by the Commission. He reports to
10	the Commission. He doesn't report to the
11	Manager.
12	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Okay. I was asked
13	to bring this up for discussion, and I've
14	brought it up, and let's discuss it at the next
15	meeting of this Board.
16	MR. THOMPSON: Mr. Chair, thank you for
17	making it the last, but I request, before the
18	next meeting, 17 1/2 uniquely, in number, is
19	the Pension Plan.
20	I am very concerned well, first place, I
21	don't like the fact that it says a referendum
22	is required, and the Charter doesn't tell you
23	whether a referendum was held or not.
24	So, on its face, I don't know if the
25	Pension Plan provision is even in effect.

1	Assuming it is, I would think it would be
2	very helpful to find out if the Retirement
3	Board, which, has, I believe, a separate
4	attorney
5	MR. LEEN: Yes, the Retirement Board has
6	a
7	MR. THOMPSON: has any suggestion,
8	because as I read this, it permits only
9	procedural amendments, and since the Pension
10	Plan is one of the huge financial issues here,
11	I would like to know what those that know
12	something about this feel is necessary for
13	appropriately dealing with a horrible economic
14	issue.
15	MR. LEEN: One second. Section 20?
16	MR. THOMPSON: 17 1/2.
17	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: 17 1/2.
18	MR. LEEN: Oh, sorry. It used to be
19	Section 20. It had a better number. But it
20	was moved to 17 1/2.
21	I'm just reading by the way, I wanted to
22	report back to you
23	MR. THOMPSON: Craig, you ought to say this
24	is only half a provision.
25	MR. LEEN: Yes, I know.

1 I want to report back to you that the 2 section related to ordinances and the section related to the Commissioner removal were both 3 4 adopted in 1929 by Special Act. 5 I found a very old copy of the Charter, 6 which says that in the notes. 7 One moment. 8 MR. DEWITT: Craig, how were the people 9 removed in 1929 under that Act? 10 MR. LEEN: Okay. I'm reading what you're 11 I'll take a look at that and I'll 12 reach out to the Pension Board counsel, but let 13 me just get your instructions then, before the 14 meeting ends, for next time. 15 So as to the proposed draft new Charter, 16 you're recommending that we go forward and do 17 that, and I'll put together a resolution for 18 the Chair. The Chair will be signing the 19 resolutions for the Board. So I'll prepare a resolution. So that's one. 20 21 The second one is Section 13, Passage of 22 Ordinances and Resolutions, you're recommending 23 no action. 2.4 Section 15, Duties of Mayor, you're 25 recommending that the Vice Mayor provision be

1 added, unanimously, including that the Vice 2 Mayor would fill the role of the Mayor, that, 3 that would be the duties of the Vice Mayor. 4 For Compensation of Mayor and 5 Commissioners, you're not going to take any 6 action, but you think going forward the 7 ordinance should be, obviously, enforced and 8 followed. 9 Is there anything you're directing as to 10 past that you want me to convey to the 11 Commission? 12 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I think that it 13 should be -- if we have violated an ordinance 14 by not giving it, I think we should give it. 15 Well, remember, it's a MR. LEEN: 16 complicated ordinance. It wasn't put in by the 17 administration. So it wasn't ratified by the Commission. 18 19 So what they would have to do is put it in and then it would have to be ratified and 20 21 that's ultimately up to the discretion of the 22 Commission. 23 MR. MORALES: I'm not sure that's within 24 the purview of us as a Charter Committee then. 25 MR. LEEN: It may not be done. So what I

will do -- but it's been brought up on the 1 2 record, so what I will do is, I will inform the Finance Department of the issue. 3 They can address that with the Commission. 4 And I'll 5 have my Deputy City Attorney do that. Then the last thing is, Appointment of City 6 7 Officers by City Commission. You're considering the addition of the Chief of Police 8 9 as an appointed Charter officer. 10 Do you want my office to do any work on 11 that or do just you want to consider it? 12 you want me to research anything involving it? 13 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yeah, we want to 14 consider it. 15 MR. MORALES: Could you identify where, 16 what cities, maybe, just in South Florida --17 you know, similar size, how many have police, 18 the Chief, reporting to Managers, and others to 19 the Commission and/or Mayor, depending on the 20 situation? 21 MR. LEEN: Okay. And then as to the Old 22 Business, you took a five-one vote regarding a 23 runoff. You believe there should be a runoff.

And you want the date to be moved, basically,

for the Commissioners to assume office, to a

24

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week and a half after the election, with the 1 2 runoff a Tuesday and a Tuesday --3 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Right. 4 MR. LEEN: And then you also want there to 5 be early voting considered, including Saturday, Sunday and Monday before the election. 6 7 I believe those were the only actions you 8 Were there any others? took. 9 Oh, moving to City Code, the issue whether 10 the election date should be in November or not, 11 and, then, also, the early voting issue. MR. KORGE: I have other issues for 12 13 consideration later. 14 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: And, also, the 15 Mayor two-year term ratified. 16 MR. LEEN: I'm sorry, I may have missed 17 that. 18 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yeah, no change. 19 MR. LEEN: No change to that, but what I'm 20 going to do is put together resolutions 21 reflecting the changes that you've recommended, 22 for the next time, and then I'm going to start 23 working on the Charter, with Special Counsel 24 and with my staff, and I will inform all of the 25 different parties you asked me to.

1	MR. KORGE: Yeah, I have other agenda items
2	for the future, whenever we get to them.
3	Board of Architects, consider having the
4	Commission appoint the Board of Architects,
5	instead of the Manager. Revisit the Trial
6	Board. I have some ideas for that.
7	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Residency
8	requirements for Boards.
9	MR. KORGE: For the Travel Board, you mean?
10	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: No, for Boards.
11	MR. KORGE: I didn't raise that, but if you
12	want
13	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: I will raise it.
14	MR. KORGE: Okay. Upping the procurement
15	amount for Public Works bids from 25,000 to
16	50,000. We really need to discuss the
17	appointment of an external auditor. I don't
18	know what the practice is now. I talked about
19	that with Craig before, and I don't know where
20	we are on that, but I think we really need to
21	talk about
22	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: In my time, we had
23	an external auditor, and we changed it every
24	three years, I think it was. We changed firms.
25	MR. KORGE: But I'd like to discuss that,

because I don't think we have one now, do we? 1 2 MR. LEEN: We do have an audit firm that 3 reports to the Finance Department. I mean, 4 technically, they're the auditors for the City. 5 So the Commission could direct that they 6 come and speak. 7 MR. KORGE: Well, I wasn't clear. Instead 8 of reporting to the Finance, should report to 9 Commission. That's the issue to discuss. 10 MR. LEEN: I understand. There was an old 11 provision in Section 8 of the Charter that 12 actually provided for the Commission to have an 13 auditor. 14 One thing I was going to bring up at a 15 future meeting is, Section 8 of the Old Charter 16 included many provisions, which, you know, 17 disappeared from the Charter. Some of them 18 gave affirmative power to the Commission and really should probably have become ordinances. 19 20 So now that I'm doing a Charter Re-write, I 21 was going to look at that and see if any of 22 those provisions maybe should be put back in, 23 and, of course, I'd raise it with you. 24 MR. KORGE: And then one other issue. terms of the hiring of staff people, I think 25

that the City Attorney and the City Clerk should be solely responsible for hiring their own staff, subject to whatever budget is set for that, and the same for the Commission.

I know the Commission has a very small staff. That shouldn't be the Manager picking them. Again, subject to budget, which is adopted by the Commission.

So I'd like to see that set forth. I don't know if in the Charter or by an ordinance, you know, if it's not a Charter provision.

MR. LEEN: It could be. I've given an opinion that the section related to the City Manager basically says that the Manager has authority for those placed in their charge, and it was very similar to the County ordinance, the County Charter.

So my opinion has always been that the Manager has the full authority over those, but that the City Attorney has full authority over the City Attorney's Office, the City Clerk over the City Clerk's Office, and I've given an opinion that the Commission can also have their own staff, as long as they're not acting in an administrative role, like the Manager.

1 It's all about functions. 2 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: When I became Mayor 3 in '93, I had a big confrontation with the then City Manager, because I insisted in writing my 4 5 own letters, and the City Manager said, "No, 6 you cannot write your own letters," and I told him to go, you know --7 8 MR. LEEN: It's been an issue, though, 9 that's come up. Not with the present City 10 Manager, but it has been an issue that's come 11 up in the past. 12 MR. KORGE: Is it something that should be 13 codified in some manner? 14 MR. LEEN: I always think that structure is 15 useful. I think that setting a checks and 16 balances is useful. I think it's helpful to be 17 clear. 18 MR. KORGE: Well, I didn't want to 19 precipitate a long discussion right now. 20 just want that on the agenda, as well. 21 CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: All right. Date of next meeting. Two weeks, and will you suggest 22 23 a date where all of us can be here? 24 MR. LEEN: Two weeks from now? Two weeks 25 from now, I'll find a date where everyone can

1	come. Now, do I have a little discretion then
2	to go to the third week if I need to?
3	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Yeah, of course.
4	It doesn't have to be on a Tuesday. And I
5	would much rather start at 5:00 than at 7:00.
6	MR. LEEN: Yes, sir. I was told that some
7	people have trouble getting here at 5:00. So
8	is 6:00 okay?
9	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: 6:00.
10	MR. KORGE: I got here at 6:00 today. I
11	didn't realize it was at 7:00.
12	MR. MORALES: Keep in mind, two weeks from
13	today, you have the Yom Kippur holiday on the
14	22nd and 23rd.
15	MR. LEEN: So it will not be two weeks from
16	today.
17	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Well, three weeks
18	from today.
19	MR. LEEN: It may be two and a half.
20	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Whatever.
21	MR. MORALES: We'll work around it.
22	MR. LEEN: Thank you.
23	CHAIRMAN VALDES-FAULI: Thank you very
24	much, everybody.
25	(Thereupon, the meeting was adjourned at 8:55 p.m.)

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF FLORIDA:
4	SS.
5	COUNTY OF MIAMI-DADE:
6	
7	
8	
9	I, NIEVES SANCHEZ, Court Reporter, and a Notary
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11	certify that I was authorized to and did
12	stenographically report the foregoing proceedings and
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